

The Morristown Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 11, 1874.

Porter carries East Tennessee—as we predicted he would.

J. J. Odell, Independent Democrat, is elected Representative from Sullivan county over Fair, Rep., and King, Dem. nominee.

The Republicans did not make a single gain in any district in the United States, so far as discovered, in the late elections.

It is said not a single Radical vote was polled in Lewis county. The inference is she has not a postmaster nor whisky gauger in her territory. Happy Lewis!

The Democrats will have a clean majority of SEVENTY-SEVEN votes in the next United States House of Representatives. "And there's luck in odd figures," says the Sag von Voelt!

The Union and American of Saturday has returns, official and partial, from sixty-seven counties, which give Porter a majority of 38,233. His majority in the State will not fall far short of 50,000.

Brownlow's reactionary letter seems to have had little effect in the Second district, except to defeat Mabry. But they're happy down there that the old war horse was bitter to the end against the Civil Rights inquiry!

The Union and American cannot make out that Maynard has carried more than four counties. He will not show up a majority in more than ten, altogether, and is beaten in every one beyond the mountain. Freeman ran ahead of Brown in forty counties, two years ago.

There is not a single Republican elected to the Legislature from the Middle division of the State, and only one from West Tennessee. As the *Banner* says, "an invitation at any time to the little Republican squad to go out and take a drink, would leave the body a regular Democratic caucus." What has become of Radicalism in Tennessee?

Ten thousand bales of cotton were sold in New Orleans the day after the elections, the heaviest sale ever recorded for one day by any single city in the United States. It was the result of Louisiana's political disenfranchisement. No tongue or pen could speak more eloquent of freedom regained. New Orleans now has a future, bright with hope. Before all was darkness and despair. See the fruits of Democratic victory.

It is, we believe, more than thirty years since Massachusetts had a Democratic Governor. In 1839, Marcus Morton was elected Governor by a majority of one in the popular vote over Edward Everett. At the election in 1842, there was no choice by the people, and Morton was elected by the Legislature, which had a Democratic majority, and he held the office until January, 1844. He was the last Democratic Governor Massachusetts had. For the first time in the memory of the present generation Massachusetts has elected a Democratic Governor. Gaston Democrat, is elected by 3000 majority. And better still Beas Butler, has met a Waterloo defeat.

Of the last General Assembly, says the *Union and American*, not one Senator was re-elected, and only four Representatives, as follows: Lee Head, elected from Wilson county proper, instead of Wilson, DeKalb and Trousdale, which he formerly represented; J. H. Jamison, Rutherford; D. J. Noblitt, elected from Lincoln county proper, instead of Lincoln and Giles; J. L. Orr, Marshall. John Overton, Jr., and A. B. Haynes, who represented Shelby in the last House, are now promoted to the Senate. It is, in fact, a brand new Legislature, fresh from the people, and made up of exceptionally good material.

A GLORIOUS CHANGE.

"The year of Jubilee has come," the ransomed children are returning to their true and ancient landmarks and faith, and are marching under the same noble old Democratic banner, which, for the past nine or ten years has been held in subjection to the tyrannical rule of Radicalism. Indeed it should be gratifying to the people of the South to know that the terrible shackles of the carpet-bagger government are now loosened and broken. They have borne the outrageous and disgraceful acts as long as they could, but feeling their weakness they, like a brave and confident people, appealed for a united effort to release them from their grievances and the painful yoke they had been burdened with for so long a period. From the result of the last elections their appeal has clearly not been in vain, but has been responded to with such a sudden and universal approval by the honest voters of the land, as to sufficiently accomplish their desire and to fill the souls of their persecutors with the bitterest forebodings.

THE RESULT.

WHAT THE REVOLUTION MEANS.

The third of November has passed into the long, list of days, which, with their varied events, contain the world's strange history. But this day! What a day! How its singular and unexpected events will tell upon the world's great hereafter. The great masses of men who have composed the different political parties in America, have always been accustomed to feel jubilant, and to give expression to their joy, when party triumph has been achieved on the one hand; and to feel sad over party defeat on the other. So they have acted, and so they have felt—in reference to the results of the recent elections. Now that the smoke and dust of the great political battle have in a measure blown away, rendering the results clearly visible; and now that the hasty and less thoughtful have had their hour of jubilation, let us take a calm survey of the situation, and see if we can devise the meaning of this strange revolution.

We have said the events of the third of November were unexpected. So they were in many respects. On the part of the Democracy it would have seemed rash to hope for so much. No one in the ranks of the other party expected to see the whole Republican army routed, demoralized and captured. Nevertheless such was the result. How was it done? Did hundreds of thousands of voters desert the Republican ranks and vote the other ticket? This was done by many thoughtful and honest men; but the Democratic victory is not to be accounted for in this way. Is it true that the Democracy have had in reserve a voting force, never heretofore brought into the field? This is true to some extent, but not to a sufficient extent to account for so great a change. Is it to be accounted for by the want of organization in the Republican party? Not by any means; for it is the best organized party to-day that ever existed in America. Was it the pendency before Congress, of the Civil Rights bill that did it? No; for the victories have been the most signal where this question has been least agitated. No; none of these things account for the triumph of the Democratic party, and the overthrow of the other.

The truth is, it is a triumph of the great idea upon which the grand structure of American liberty is based, rather than a mere party triumph. The leading idea—the one great central principle—in the political teaching of the Republican party, is, and has for years been, gradual centralization of power. Steadily it has labored to wrest the checks upon power out of the hands of the judiciary and vest the power especially in the hands of the legislative. The world's history shows beyond peradventure, that centralization of power means gradual decay to liberty, and ultimate bloody revolution or despotism. To despotism we have been tending.

When we look back upon the intense excitement in American politics, for the last fifteen years, we may well pardon the American people for being slow to recognize this great truth. At last the more thoughtful of the Republican party have shaken off the delusion under which they have been so long acting. Third terms—the bold assertion by their party leaders, of the right of Congress not only to regulate and control State governments, as in Louisiana but to say by law that all races of men shall move on the same social level. These rash acts and efforts of their party leaders have caused them to think. Even the thoughtful men in the Republican party love liberty better than party. They love of liberty, and their convictions that there was danger to human rights in the doctrines of their party leaders, caused hundreds of thousands of them to stay at home on the memorable 3rd, and refuse to aid further in building up and strengthening the despotism at Washington.

We have always believed the American people capable of self government. The victory about which we are writing strengthens this confidence a thousand fold. The old doctrine, upon which our fathers built—the doctrine that the States retained the right to control their own affairs, and that the Federal Government can do no more than guarantee to each State a Republican form of government, and protect the States in the aggregate—this is the rock upon which the great structure is founded and bulwarked. The people, after wandering in political darkness for fourteen years, returned to this grand old doctrine on the third day of November, 1874. Glorious day! In history it will stand out as the day next in brightness and glory to the Fourth of July, 1776.

We may in this view, express our deep joy at the result we have reached. Let us not exult—let us rather rejoice. Let us not tantalize our Republican friends about their defeat. Let us rather congratulate them upon our mutual escape from despotism.

OUR DELEGATION IN CONGRESS.

The following is the Tennessee delegation in the 44th Congress.

- 1st Dist. Wm. McFarland.
2d " J. M. Thornburgh.
3d " G. M. Dobbins.
4th " Jno. W. Head.
5th " Jno. M. Bright.
6th " Jno. F. House.
7th " W. C. Whitthorne.
8th " J. D. C. Atkins.
9th " W. P. Caldwell.
10th " Casey Young.

The Pulaski Citizen states that in the Eighth District of Giles county the color line was closely drawn. Only one white man voted the black ticket, and not a single black man voted a white.

Scandal in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—Rev. J. E. Goodman of the Catholic Church, is reported to have disappeared with the female organist at St. Boniface Catholic Church, of which he was pastor, to the consideration of the entire Catholic diocese. A statement that he absconded with the funds of the church of his parish, is, it is said, an investigation by the Bishop of the Diocese, which will shortly take place, into the affairs of the departed clergyman, will reveal all.

METROPOLITAN LETTER.

THE RESULT OF TUESDAY—OLD PLINT ENTHUSED.

KNOXVILLE, Nov. 9, 1874.

DEAR JOHN:—This month's doings will long be remembered by We, Us & Co., more especially by the Co., or the rebel moment of the firm, who have recently taken upon themselves the running of the U. S. Government for the next two years. For the first time in 13 years I feel like an American citizen who has a country to love, a flag to honor, a nationality to boast of. "Wake snakes! day is breaking!"—"rats, to your holes!"—"carpet-baggers, to your 'git up and git'!" or else content yourselves to go to work and make honest livings, by honest means, and quit sucking old "Outrage."

I tell you the old critter's bag is split! She had been nourishing the "Bread and Butter Brigade" in this city for years, but on a day of debauchery in the Brigade, the faithful old critter "Outrage" left the corral in search of something fresh, and before her keepers knew she was out, she was the victim of a venomous A. S. P., which, in its greed, stuck its fangs in the favorite test.

Poor old Outrage was immediately cared for by the "Brigade Surgeons," and all sorts of remedies were used, but old Outrage did not convalesce worth a cent.

The Social equality Civil Rights organ had a partnership interest in old Outrage's sore test, and prescribed the following formula as a poultice:

Soft soap.....14 Bushels.
Sculdugery.....A paddle full.
Blarney.....18 squams daily.
Bluff, condensed lies.....a quantum sufficient to spread over the Tucky hoe district.

The whole to be put into a carpet-bagger's bag and applied while hot. The poultice, as directed, was applied, and the old critter bettered for the time being, and was gently transferred to Chattanooga and placed in the Outrage hospital, where she was being treated by experienced Outrage doctors from the outraged South, and was supposed to be in a fair way to recover.

When that infernal Ku-klux yell from Ohio and Illinois "Carpet-baggers and Outrage manipulations 'git up and git'!" came thundering into Chattanooga, they got, leaving old Outrage to the tender mercies of Dibble and his followers, or any other man.

But she died—she did. A sudden and unexpected change in the weather last Tuesday evening, Nov. 3d, was not prohibited in time, and she conformed! But the infernal A. S. P. still lives and is supposed to be sucking himself for a livelihood.

I have read the Declaration of Independence twice since last Tuesday night; sung the Star-Spangled Banner more than once; whistled Yankee Doodle, with the Dixie Variations, morning, noon and night, and am going to "fine meeting" generally next fourth of July—provided always they leave the iron clad out of the programme.

I reckon you heard that our *Mayhew* didn't take well in November! They sorter soured like!

Hurrah for Merlik! OLD FLINT.
P. S.—Tell 'Squire Bill McFarland to keep his eyes skinned when he goes to the "District," and keep out of the clutches of his fellow-carpet-bagger, the boss tanner, unless he promises to "let us have peace!" I've known 'Squire Bill ever since he was a pup, and am perfectly willing to trust him with my loyal claims! O. F.

N. B.—I forgot to suggest to 'Squire Bill to "go agin" Blevins and associates pet scheme—the re-opening of the African Slave trade! Let 'Squire Bill if Jim White applies for the superintendency of the National Turnpikes, and such, let him slide as one who in every particular "aint fitin'" for the posish! OLD FLINT.

O. K. I.

Democratic Lightning North, East, South and West.

New York Elects Tilden by 40,000 Majority.

Two-Thirds of Her Congressional Delegation Democratic.

Massachusetts Elects a Democratic Governor.

She Gives us Six Perhaps Congressmen.

Ben Butler Beaten Out of His Boots.

Louisiana Elects an Anti-Kellogg Legislature.

With Five Congressmen of the Same Sort.

Michigan Votes Down Woman Suffrage and Sends Three Democrats to Congress.

Similar Gains in Every State.

The Majority of the House Reversed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5, 1874.—Alabama has given from 6,000 to 10,000 majority for the Democratic State ticket, with certainly 5 and possibly 7 Democratic Congressmen, and a Democratic Legislature.

In New Jersey, the Democrats have 11 majority on joint ballot in the Legislature, securing the U. S. Senator. The Congressional delegation stands, 5 Democrats and 2 Republicans.

In New York, the Democrats have a majority on joint ballot in the Legislature, securing a United States Senator.

In Pennsylvania, the Democrats have a majority of one joint ballot in the Legislature, securing a United States Senator. The Congressional delegation stands 16 Democrats, and 11 Republicans.

In South Carolina, the Governor-elect is doubtful. Mackey (Fusion), and Smalls, colored, are elected to Congress.

Virginia sends a full Democratic and Conservative delegation, except Stowell in the Fourth district.

In Wisconsin the Republicans have a majority on joint ballot which may give us Carpenter again. The Democrats have two Congressmen and claim another. The Republicans have only 6,000 majority on the State ticket.

In Delaware, the Radical spirit finds "incarnation" in but one Radical State Senator, and he holds over!

The Democratic majority in the House of Representatives of the Forty-Fourth Congress will be 54!

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The Times' list of Congressmen elected in this State gives the Democrats First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth, Thirty-first, Thirty-second and Thirty-third districts. In the Third, an Independent candidate is chosen.

The Times also gives 72 Democrats and 56 Republican Assemblers, which gives the Democrats 8 majority on joint ballot.

NEBRASKA.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 3.—The Reform Legislative ticket is undoubtedly elected. Goodin, Reformer, carries the Third Congressional District. The Republican Governor is elected.

LOUISIANA.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—A special to the Tribune from New Orleans, says evidence accumulates of a deliberate purpose of the Kellogg party to count in their candidates by means of the Returning Board. This discovery has created great excitement, and if the plan is carried out disturbances are feared.

The Next Congress.

The following table shows the complexion of the present House of Representatives, and the changes brought about hitherto by the elections:

	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
Alabama.....	3	3	3	3
Arkansas.....	3	1	4	1
California.....	3	1	4	1
Connecticut.....	3	1	4	1
Delaware.....	1	1	2	1
Florida.....	2	2	2	2
Georgia.....	3	6	9	3
Illinois.....	14	5	12	3
Indiana.....	10	3	5	8
Iowa.....	9	8	1	1
Kansas.....	3	2	1	1
Kentucky.....	10	10	10	10
Louisiana.....	6	1	5	1
Maine.....	5	5	5	5
Maryland.....	2	4	6	6
Massachusetts.....	11	5	6	3
Michigan.....	9	6	3	3
Minnesota.....	5	1	1	1
Mississippi.....	5	1	13	13
Missouri.....	4	9	1	1
Nebraska.....	1	1	1	1
Nevada.....	1	1	1	1
N. Hampshire.....	2	1	1	1
New Jersey.....	6	1	4	3
New York.....	23	10	13	20
N. Carolina.....	3	5	1	7
Ohio.....	13	7	13	13
Oregon.....	1	1	1	1
Pennsylvania.....	22	5	11	16
Rhode Island.....	2	2	2	2
S. Carolina.....	5	5	5	5
Tennessee.....	7	3	1	9
Texas.....	6	6	6	6
Vermont.....	3	3	3	3
Virginia.....	5	4	2	7
W. Virginia.....	2	1	3	3
Wisconsin.....	6	2	6	2
	201	91	103	172

In the above table we have set down none but certain Democratic gains, giving the Republicans the full benefit of all doubtful districts, like the disputed fifth New Jersey, the Nevada member, and others. It shows that the Democrats have a certain majority of 69 in the 275 members elected thus far. There remain but 17 members yet to elect, from the States of California, Connecticut, Mississippi and New Hampshire. Supposing the Democrats make no gains whatever in these States, it would leave us a majority of 60.

The elections of the 3d will change the complexion of the United States Senate after March next, although we can hardly hope for a Democratic majority. Of the new Senators to be elected, the Democracy will gain one from Pennsylvania, one from Tennessee, one from Indiana, one from West Virginia, and possibly one from Michigan, with Nevada doubtful. This reduces the Senatorial Majority from twenty-seven to five, or at most, six—a very slender preponderance for strict party purposes.

Chestnuts are better than wheat when they are worth three dollars a bushel, as they are this year.

New Advertisements.

[ESTABLISHED 1865.]

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—WE ARE NOW RECEIVING—

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF ALL GOODS

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PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS.

Special Inducements to Cash Buyers.

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Agents for the Celebrated

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77 GAY STREET, KNOXVILLE, TENN.

(At Woodruff & Co's old stand.)

Agents for Patrick's Scales, Disston's Saws, &c. Orders solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

June 2, 17.

Burr & Terry,

(East of R. R. Depot.)

KNOXVILLE, - - - - TENNESSEE.

—Offer to the public—

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Matched Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboarding,

BRACKETS, MOULDINGS, NEWELS, &c., &c.

HAYING OVER 1,000,000 FEET OF LUMBER IN STOCK OUR

Send for Price List.

June 3, 17.

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J. A. TOWNSEND, Proprietor.

MANUFACTURES

Boots and Shoes of all Grades and Kinds.

HE uses none but the best material, and warrants every pair of Boots or Shoes he makes to be a perfect fit and to give satisfaction. Repairing neatly done on short notice.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for work.

The Shop is on Main street, opposite the old Court House.

Call in and leave your orders, and you will get full satisfaction.

July 1, 74-45.

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The Largest and Best Assorted Stock of Furniture in East Tennessee!

HOWES, HUMES & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

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Matresses, Patent Bed Springs, Childrens Buggies,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

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We claim to have the Largest and Best stock of Furniture in East Tennessee. We want it borne in mind, that persons buying from us, that they pay but one profit on their goods, as we manufacture our own furniture.

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MORRISTOWN,

WOULD respectfully return to their numerous customers grateful thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to them in the past, and announce that their Stock is now full and complete in all kinds of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

COMPRISING VERY FULL ASSORTMENTS OF

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THE BEST,

THE LARGEST,

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And the CHEAPEST STOCK of GOODS ever brought to the Morristown market.

Dry Goods,

Dress Goods,

Gent's Clothing,

Notions, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Groceries,

QUEENSWARE,

and anything else wanted. To which they invite the attention of all.

HONESTY, INDUSTRY AND POLITENESS

are their watchwords.

Wheat, Corn, Oats, Bacon, Beeswax, Feathers, &c.,

taken in exchange for goods at the largest market prices. Do not dispose of your produce before giving us a call.

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MANUFACTURER OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

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FANCY GROCERIES.

FIREWORKS,

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, CANDIED FRUITS AND CAKES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

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